

BIJENDRA PUBLIC SCHOOL, PURNEA

Class - 4

Subject - SOCIAL STUDIES

Chapter - 7 THE SOUTHERN PLATEAU

A. Tick the correct answers.

1. River divides the southern plateau into the Central Highlands and the Deccan Plateau.

Ans. Narmada

2. The Eastern and Western ghats meet at the Hills.

Ans. Nilgiri

3. The Plateau which is not a part of the southern plateaus:

Ans. Tibetan Plateau

4. A river which does not flow through the southern plateaus:

Ans. Yamuna

5. Black soil is good for growing:

Ans. Cotton

6. Most of the people in the plateau region are:

Ans. Farmers

B. Fill in the blanks.

1. The southern plateaus are **triangular** in shape.

2. The Deccan plateau is boarded by the **Western Ghats** in the west.

3. The **Malwa Plateau** and the Chota Nagpur Plateau together make the Central **Highlands**.

4. The rivers of the south are **seasonal rivers**.

5. The plateau region is rich in **minerals**.

C. Answer the following questions in short.

1. What is a plateau?

Ans. A plateau is a flat and tableland which is higher than the land around it.

2. What are the two parts of the southern plateaus?

Ans. The two parts of the southern plateaus are Central Highlands and Deccan Plateau.

3. What are the minerals found in the plateau region?

Ans. Iron ore, coal, manganese, gold, copper and mica are the minerals found in the plateau region.

4. What are some of the valuable forest products that come from the plateau region?

Ans. Sandalwood, plywood, timber, bamboo, sal seed, honey, rubber, spices etc. are come from the plateau region.

5. What type of crops are grown in the plateau region?

Ans. Rice, coconut, coffee, rice, cotton, oranges etc. are grown in the plateau region.

D. Answer the following questions in detail.

1. Describe the location and extent of the southern plateaus.

Ans. The southern plateaus of India extend from the south of northern plains to the southern tip of India.

They are bordered by hilly regions on the western and the eastern sides, known as the Western Ghats and the Eastern Ghats.

2. Write a note on the important rivers of the southern plateaus.

Ans. The rivers of the south are seasonal rivers. They remain filled with water only during the monsoons.

Rivers Mahanadi, Godavari, Krishna and Kaveri flow eastwards into the Bay of Bengal.

Rivers Narmada and Tapi flow from the east to the west into the Arabian Sea.

3. What is the importance of the plateau region?

Ans. The black soil in the plateau region is good for the cultivation of cotton, oilseeds and millets. It is rich in minerals.

The thick forest of plateau provide valuable forest products such as rubber, coffee and spices.

E. Think and answer.

1. How can you say if an area is a plateau or a plain?

Ans. Plateau area is a high tableland and uneven and rocky whereas a plain area is flat and level land.