

BIJENDRA PUBLIC SCHOOL, PURNEA

Class - 4

Subject - SOCIAL STUDIES

Chapter - 5 The Northern Plains

A. Write T for true and F for false.

1. Perennial rivers are the rivers which do not have water throughout the year. **F**
2. The rivers bring fertile silt from the Himalayas. **T**
3. River Brahmaputra is known as Tsangpo in Tibet. **T**
4. Yamuna is the main tributary of River Ganga. **T**
5. The place where the Yamuna joins the Ganga is known as Sangam. **T**

B. Tick (✓) the correct answers.

1. River Brahmaputra originates in:
Ans. (b) Tibet
2. Which of these states does not lie in the northern plains?
Ans. (b) Rajasthan
3. Rivers Ganga and Brahmaputra fall into the:
Ans. (c) Bay of Bengal
4. The Bhakra Nangal Dam provides water and
Ans. (a) Electricity
5. Rivers Ganga and Yamuna meet near:
Ans. (a) Prayagraj

C. Answer the following questions in short.

1. Name the three basins of the northern plains.
Ans. The northern plains are divided into three river basins.
These are:
 - i. The Satluj River Basin
 - ii. The Ganga River Basin
 - iii. The Brahmaputra River Basin
2. What are perennial rivers?
Ans. Which rivers are snow fed and have water throughout the year are known as perennial rivers.
3. Name some states that lie in the northern plains.
Ans. The northern plains cover the states of Punjab, Haryana, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, West Bengal and parts of Assam.
4. Why are the northern plains rich and fertile?
Ans. The northern plains are rich and fertile because the soil of the plains is very fertile for growing crops. Due to good network of railways and roadways help in the transportation of food and goods produced.
5. Name the major crops grown in the Ganga Basin.
Ans. The major crops grown in the Ganga Basin are rice, wheat, jute and sugarcane.

D. Think and answer.

1. Why do people living on the banks of the rivers shift their homes just before the monsoons?

Ans. Because the rain water increases the level of the river which can cause floods to the nearby houses.

2. Why are the plains densely populated?

Ans. Because the soil of the plains is very fertile for growing crops. The climate is not as cold as in the northern mountains. This has led people to settle down in large number.